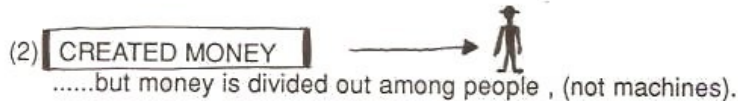


THE DISTRIBUTIVE ECONOMY



(1) Division of labour between people and, for the most part, machines.



.....but money is divided out among people , (not machines).



Money is created according to the volume of production (as if money were a "reflection" of production). Like a railway or cinema ticket, this money can only be used once (for purchasing)...It follows therefore, that the sum total of money in the possession of people is always equal to the sum total of the prices of goods.

Observations

There are no more wages or salaries: we work without pay, (as a social service). The income we receive is based on the volume of goods produced, not on the amount of work we have done. The difference is due to (wealth produced by the) machines. We are paid in order to purchase, rather than in order to work!

There are no more taxes: we pay by carrying out a service to the community. In return, we receive a social "wage", from the cradle to the grave.

There is no more speculation or usury: the only way to make money is to work for it.

Competition is replaced by cooperation: advertising is used only for non-persuasive information. Business and profit disappear from the economy.

There is more leisure-time than work-time: we can spend our time educating ourselves, engaging in arts and crafts, sport and spiritual development.

Real democracy: we have time for discussion. We can use our potential instead of giving it away